

政治科學論叢徵稿簡則

- 一、本刊為臺灣大學政治學系發行之學術期刊，創刊於 1990 年 3 月，原訂為半年刊。自 2004 年 6 月起，**每年刊行 4 期，預定於 3、6、9、12 月出刊。**
- 二、本刊以發表政治學相關**中英文學術論文**為主，中文文長以不超過**兩萬字**為宜，英文文長以不超過**一萬字**為宜；書評論文或研究紀要為輔，文長以不超過**一萬字**為宜。舉凡政治學相關領域作品，均歡迎**隨時**來稿。
- 三、本刊所有稿件均須通過匿名審查後方能刊登。
- 四、除特約稿外，本刊不接受譯稿。
- 五、本刊不接受一稿二投；來稿如欲另投他處，請先撤稿。
- 六、本刊保留對來稿格式與文字的刪改權。
- 七、來稿一經刊出，將致贈作者當期刊物一本及論文抽印本二十份。
- 八、來稿請自留底稿，恕不退稿。
- 九、撰稿人對刊出之論文保有著作權，但須提供本刊無償、非專屬性授權，將論文重製與上載網路，供讀者非營利性檢索、閱覽、下載與列印。
- 十、來稿請以 Microsoft Word 7.0 以上文書處理軟體打字，紙本一式二份、光碟論文電子檔一份、**親簽投稿說明書一份與親簽未曾出版聲明書一份**（投稿說明書、聲明書請至臺灣大學政治學系網頁下載），並以掛號郵寄至：106 台北市大安區羅斯福路四段 1 號臺灣大學政治學系「政治科學論叢編輯委員會」收；論文電子檔案請寄至：politics@ntu.edu.tw。
- 十一、稿件依序包括以下各項：
 - (一)作者中英文資料頁：含論文標題、作者姓名、完成論文時所屬機關名稱及職稱、作者通訊方式（含電話、地址、有效電子郵件地址）。
 - (二)中英文標題頁：含標題、300 字左右摘要、3~5 個關鍵詞。
 - (三)正文（文中請勿出現任何足以辨識身份的用語）。
 - (四)參考書目：以列出正文中引用之文獻為必要。按先中、日文後西文，中文以作（編、譯）者姓名筆畫順序由少至多排列；西文文獻按字母順序依次排列。勿增列未徵引之資料。
- 十二、撰稿體例請參考以下網址：<http://politics.ntu.edu.tw/psr>。

About of the Submission of Political Science Articles and Relevant Guidelines

1. This is an academic journal published by the Department of Political Science at National Taiwan University. It was founded in March 1990 as a biannual publication. From June 2004, it switched to a quarterly publication scheduled for March, June, September and December of each year.
2. This journal focuses on publishing articles in both Chinese and English related to topics of political science. Chinese articles should not exceed 20,000 characters; English articles should not exceed 10,000 words. Complimentary book reviews or research notes should also not exceed more than 10,000 words. All works related to political science are welcome to be submitted at any time for consideration.
3. A submission will only be published after being subjected to an anonymous review.
4. Except under very special circumstances, this journal does not accept translated articles.
5. This journal does not accept articles that are under consideration for publication elsewhere. If you wish to submit your article to another publisher, then please withdraw it before doing so.
6. This journal reserves the right to alter the format and wording of any submissions.
7. If an article is accepted for publication, the author will be presented with one copy of the journal and twenty printed copies of the article.
8. Any copies of the article submitted to the journal for consideration will not be returned.
9. The author will retain copyright of the published article; however, the article must be provided to this journal at no charge with non-exclusive authorization, and the paper will be reproduced and uploaded to the internet for readers to search for, read, download, and print for non-profit purposes.

10. The copy of the article that is submitted should be formatted using Microsoft Word 7.0 or above. A digital copy of the article should be sent to: politics@ntu.edu.tw; along with a signed copy of the “Author Declaration of Original Submission” (Please download this form at the Department of Political Science website).
11. The submitted article should include an information page about the author which lists the title of the article, the name of the author, the affiliated organization and professional title of the author upon submission of the article, and the author’s contact information (telephone number, mailing address, and a working email address). The title of the article should be in both Chinese and English, and there should be an abstract of around 300 words with 3 to 5 keywords. In the main text of the article, refrain from including any information that can be used to identify the author. It is necessary to make a reference list of all the sources cited in the text. They should be arranged in order of Chinese sources first, then Japanese sources, and English or other Western sources afterwards. Chinese sources should be arranged by number of strokes in the author’s/editor’s name (fewest strokes to most strokes); Western sources should be arranged in alphabetical order. Do not include any sources that were not referenced in the text.
12. For examples article formatting, please refer to the following website: <http://politics.ntu.edu.tw/psr>.

《政治科學論叢》撰稿體例

一、正文寫作格式

(一)標題寫法

中文標題以「壹、一、(一)、1、(1)、a、(a)」為序。

英文標題以「I、A、(A)、1、(1)、a、(a)」為序。

(二)標點符號在中文部分請用全形，英文部分採用半形；如中英文夾雜，則視前文所接為中文、英文或行文脈絡來決定。

(三)引文寫法

1. 直接引述文句時，中文加單引號「」，英文加雙引號“ ”。

例：

海德格說：「轉向在事態本身中作用著，它不是為我所發明，也不只發生在我的思想之中。」

例：

As Raban stated: “The trial did not seal the myth of the Krays; rather, it broke it down into a long rehearsal of sordid facts.”

2. 引語較長時，另起一段並縮排。

例：

托氏的結論是：

革命並非總是事態越變越糟，每況愈下的時候發生的。事實正好相反，革命的爆發每每是因為人民在長期的壓迫統治之下生活，逆來順受，忍氣吞聲之後，忽然發現政府正在鬆解其高壓手段時揭竿而起反對政府而引起的。

3. 引語中復有引語，或特殊引用時：中文內含引句用雙引號『』，英文內含引句用單引號‘ ’。

例：

所謂「知識論不必依賴認知科學的經驗研究，就可以完全確認對『建構知識』之理解」。

So, “He would just talk calmly and rationally to a panel of psychiatrists, ‘and everyone would think we were the ones who were crazy.’”

4. 中文稿引用外國人名、著作、專有名詞時，請儘量使用通行的中譯，並於第一次出現時以「括號附加原文全名」；不常見的外國人名，可直接使用原名。

例：

他早年因受到沙皇專制政權的迫害，而從自由民主的理念轉向 Nikolai Chernyshevskii 的「民粹主義」(populism)，這種意識形態以凝聚被壓迫之人民的意識為號召，主張透過各種「恐怖活動」(terrorism) 組織，破壞顛覆既定的政治社會秩序。

(四)註解

註明資料出處的註解，請一律以括弧夾註的方式放在正文適當之處。作者有兩人時，中文用頓號(、)連接，西文用 and 或 & 連接。作者為三人以上時，中文以第一位作者名加「等」表示，西文加 et al.

例：

許多學者認為它最初出現於希臘亞理斯多德時期，而真正形成於 16 世紀或 17 世紀之間(石元康，1998：177；Cohen & Arato, 1992: 84)。

例：

行政官員多會比民意代表低估問題的嚴重性，而會高估解決問題的效能性(陳文俊等，2001：139-160)。

例：

在臺灣提出「以尊重換取合作」一法之後，迄 14 日前，菲方並無明確表示。至 6 月中，華府大抵同意臺灣復行佔領南沙(總統府，檔號 3310903/0005/001)。

(五)文中已有作者姓名時，括弧內夾註可省略作者名。

例：

胡適因而說這是「主張廢去主觀的私意，建立物觀的標準」(1991：301)。

例：

如 Neumann 所指示的，現代資本主義與自由民主制之發展，提供了孕育極權獨裁的有利條件。除此之外，極權主義的意識形態亦是以自由民主之觀念為構成要素(1944：195-196)。

(六)針對內文或資料來源做補充說明性質的註解，請用腳註，並於標點符號後，以插入註腳方式自動產生於右上角。

例：

描述所有個體的行爲並不等於描述聚集行爲。⁴

It was significantly higher in Germany than in the U. S.²

(七)數字寫法：統計數字、資料出版日期、法條等概用阿拉伯數字表示；表述性數字則以中文表示。

例：該區共有男性 31,586 人，女性 30,816 人

例：第二次大戰前夕

(八)圖版、插圖及表

1. 圖版寫法：圖版 1 或 Plate 1

2. 插圖寫法：圖 1 或 Figure 1

3. 表的寫法：表 1 或 Table 1

4. 以上圖版、插圖、表若有同一類而行區分時，請一律採 1-1, 1-2, 1-3… 標明

例：圖版 1-1、圖版 1-2 或 Plate 1-1、Plate 1-2

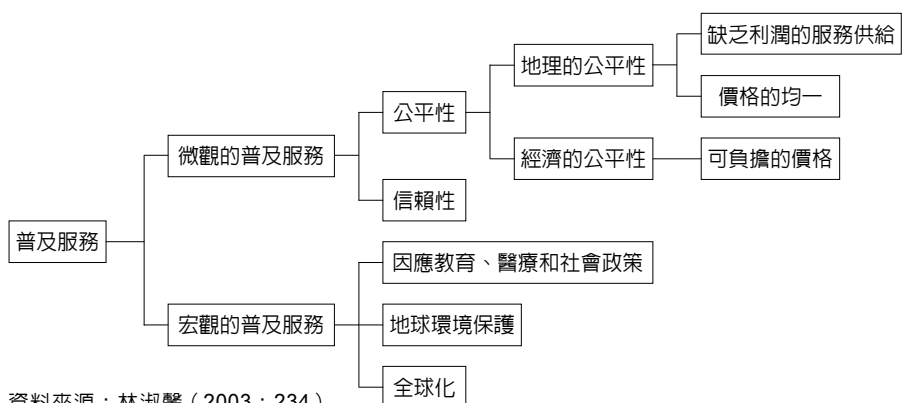
圖 2-1、圖 2-2 或 Figure 2-1、Figure 2-2

表 3-1、表 3-2 或 Table 3-1、Table 3-2

5. 圖表名稱與註解的位置：圖表名在圖表上置中；圖表註在圖表下對齊靠左。

圖例：

圖 1 郵政事業普及服務的概念及其構成要素圖



資料來源：林淑馨（2003：234）

表例：

表 4 兩波地方菁英效能判斷類型分佈及差異檢定（使用七項）

波 段 \ 類 型	樂觀型		平衡型		悲觀型		合計
	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
第一波 (1993)	46.2	134	12.8	37	41.0	119	290
第二波 (2001)	57.6	195	10.1	34	32.2	109	338

$X^2 = 8.18356$ DF = 2 P = 0.01683

資料來源：廖達琪、黃志呈（2003：95）

二、參考文獻

參考書目以列出正文中引用之文獻為必要。按先中、日文後西文，中文以作（編、譯）者姓名筆畫順序由少至多排列；西文文獻按字母順序依次排列。中文參考文獻需加漢語拼音（音譯）+意譯，各類文獻依下列原則處理：

（一）專書

中文：作者，年代，《書名》，出版地：出版者。（古書請註明版本）

英文：Author's Name. Year. *Title of the book*. Place of Publication: Publisher.

例：

朱孔彰，1969，《中興名臣事略》，臺北：華文書局（據光緒辛丑上海書局石印本影印）。Zhu, Kong-zhang. 1969. *Zhongxing mingchen shilue* [*Biographical Sketch of the Rise of Famous Ministers in the Qing Dynasty*]. Taipei: Huawen publishing (Ju Guang Xu xinchou Shanghai shuju shiyinben yingyin).

王 弼，1875，《老子道德經注》，光緒元年浙江書局重刻明華亭張子象本。Wang, bi. 1875. *Laozi Daodejing shu* [*Notes on Laozi's Tao Te Ching*]. Guang Xu yuannian Zhejiang shuju zhongke minghuating Zhang Zixiang ben.

Hirsch, E. D. 1967. *Validity in Interpretation*. New Haven: Yale University Press.

(二)期刊論文

中文：作者，年代，〈篇名〉，《期刊名》，卷（期）：頁數。

英文：Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." *Title of the Periodical* vol. (no.): page numbers.

例：

胡 佛，1973，〈美憲的解釋與司法系統的剖析〉，《歐美研究》，3(1): 43-95。Hu, Fo. 1973. "Meixian de jieshi yu sifa xitong de poxi" [An Explanation of the American Constitution and an Analysis of the Judicial System]. *American Studies* 3(1): 43-95.

Skocpol, T. 1997. "The Tocqueville Problem: Civic Engagement in American Democracy." *Social Science History* 21(4): 455-479.

(三)專書論文

中文：作者，年代，〈篇名〉，編者（編），《書名》，出版地：出版者，頁碼。

英文：Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." In *Title of the book*, ed. Editor. Place of Publication: Publisher, page numbers.

例：

孫得雄，1986，〈台灣地區生育態度與行為的變遷〉，瞿海源、章英華（編），《台灣社會與文化變遷》，臺北：中研院民族所，頁 24-56。Sun, De-xiong. 1986. "Taiwan diqu shengyu taidu yu xingwei de bianqian" [Changes in Behavior and Attitude towards Childbearing in Taiwan]. In *Taiwan shehui yu wenhua bianqian* [Social and Cultural Changes in Taiwan], eds. Ju, Hai-yuan & Ying-hua Zhang. Taipei: Institute of Ethnology, Academia Sinica, 24-56.

Schleifer, J. T. 1992. "How Many Democracies?" In *Liberty, Equality, Democracy*, ed. Eduardo Nolla. New York: New York University Press, 193-205.

(四)研討會論文

中文：作者，年代，〈論文名稱〉，「研討會名稱」論文（月日），地點：主辦單位。

英文：Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." Paper presented at the Name of the Meeting, Date, at Place.

例：

黃凱苹，2017，〈泰國官僚政體下的政黨發展〉，「2017東亞憲政民主工作坊政黨與國家學術研討會」論文（5月20日），臺北：臺大政治學系。Huang, Kai-ping. 2017. "Taiguo guanliao zhengtixia de zhengdang fazhan" [Party Development under the Bureaucratic Polity in Thailand]. Paper presented at the Meetings of the 2017 East Asia Constitutional Democracy Workshop: Political Party and State, May 20. Taipei: Department of Political Science, National Taiwan University.

Oropesa, R. S., D. T. Lichter, & R. N. Anderson. 1993. "Hispanic Marriage Markers and First Marriage Transitions." Paper presented at the Meetings of the Population Association of America, April 1-3, Cincinnati, OH.

(五) 博士論文

中文：作者，年代，《論文名稱》，發表地點：學校及科系名稱博士論文。

英文：Author's Name. Year. *Title of the dissertation*. Doctoral dissertation, the name of the Department, the Name of the University, Place.

例：

邱錦榮，1990，《福斯塔四論》，臺北：臺灣大學外國語文研究所博士論文。Chiu, Chin-jung. 1990. *Fusita silun [What Trick Hast Thou New? Four Studies of Falstaff]*. Doctoral dissertation, Department of Foreign Languages and Literatures, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan.

Tam, S. M. 1992. *The Structuration of Chinese Modernization: Women Workers of Shekou Industrial Zone*. Doctoral dissertation, Department of Anthropology, University of Hawaii, Manoa, HI.

(六) 翻譯作品

1. 中譯本依引用重點為作者原著或譯者譯著（包括譯筆、譯注或譯者引伸按語）而分：

以原著爲主：Author's Name 著，譯者名譯，年代，《書名》，出版地：出版者。譯自 *Title of the book*. Place of Publication: Publisher. Year.

以譯著爲主：譯者名譯，年代，《書名》，出版地：出版者。譯自 Author's Name. *Title of the book*. Place of Publication: Publisher. Year.

例：

Smith, A. 著，郭大力、王亞南譯，1972，《國民財富的性質和原因的研究》，北京：商務印書館。譯自 *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 1880. Smith, Adam. Guo, Da-li & Ya-nan Wang. trans. 1972. *Guomin caifu de xingzhi ue yuanyin de yanjiu* [*An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*]. Beijing: The Commercial Press. Translated from *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 1880.

嚴復譯，1901-1902，《原富》，上海：南洋公學譯書院。譯自 Adam Smith. *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*. N.p. n.d. Yan, Fu trans. 1901-1902. *Yuan Fu* [*The Origin of Wealth*]. Shanghai: Nanyang gongxue yishu yuan. Translated from Adam Smith, *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*. N.p. n.d.

2. 英譯本：Author's Name. Year. *Title of the book*. Trans. Translator's name. Place of Publication: Publisher.

例：

Aristotle. 1969. *The Politics of Aristotle*. Trans. Ernest Barker. New York: Oxford University Press.

(七)報刊文章

中文：作者姓名（如無作者，則以「一般報導」取代），年代，〈篇名〉（如無篇名，則省略），《報紙名稱》，月日，版次。

外文：Author's name. "Title of the article." (omissible if news coverage) *Name of newspaper* Date. Section or page numbers.

例：

龍應台，2003，〈五十年來家國：我看台灣的「精神分裂症」〉，《中

國時報》，7/12，E7。Lung, Ying-tai. 2003. “Wushi nianlai jiaguo: wokan Taiwan de 「jingshen fenlie zheng」” [The Homeland Over Fifty Years: I Look at Taiwan’s “Schizophrenia”]. *China Times* July 12, sec. E7.

Bumiller, E. 2002. “Bush Embraces His Roots, and Some Connecticut Money, Too.” *New York Times* April 10, sec. 1A, 23.

(八)網路資訊

作者姓名，年代，〈篇名〉，資料來源（電子資料庫或電子期刊名稱），網址（www.xxx.yyy....），檢索日期。

例：

蕭高彥，2000，〈馬基維利論政治秩序——一個形上學的考察〉，臺灣大學政治學系網頁，http://politics.soc.ntu.edu.tw/research_1.php，2000/10/18。Shaw, Carl K.Y. 2000. “Majiweili lun zhengzhi zhixu-yige xingshangxue de kaocha” [Machiavelli’s Idea of Political Order: A Metaphysical Inquiry]. in http://politics.soc.ntu.edu.tw/research_1.php. Latest update 18 October 2000.

OECD. 2000. “Knowledge-based Industries in Asia.” in <http://www.oecd.org/dsti/sti/industry/indcomp/>. Latest update 16 October 2000.

(九)檔案資料

（請依個別檔案資料之資訊，完整臚列，如無，則省略）官署機構，〈檔案名稱〉，《檔案分類》，編號，日期，頁數。

例：

中央研究院近代史研究所檔案館藏，〈中美聯合軍事演習〉，《外交部北美司檔案》，分類號 422.6，案次號 0002，頁 133-134。Archive, Intitute of Modern History, Academia Sinica. “Zhongmei lianhe junshi yanxi” [Joint Military Exercises Between the US and China]. *North American Department of Foreign Affairs* 3(1): 43-95. Classification number 422.6, Case Number. 0002, 133-134.

中國外交部檔案館，〈為中美大使級會談向王炳南大使提供的參考情況〉，檔案 111-00457-01，1962 年 6 月 27 日。Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the People’s Republic of China. “Wei Zhongmei dashiji

huitan xiang Wang Bingnan dashi tigong de cankao qing kuang”
[*Ambassador Wang Bingnan's Consulation Regarding US-China
Ambassidorial Discussions*]. File 111-00457-01, 27 June 1962.

三、其他注意事項

(一)西文作者姓名採 Last Name, First Name (initial). Middle Name (initial) 作者有二位以上時，第二位以下採 First Name (Middle Name) Last Name 之順序。

例：

Jakobson, R. & L. R. Waugh. 1979. *The Sound Shape of Language*.
Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

(二)若同一作者有多項參考文獻時，請依年代先後順序排列。

例：

Ricoeur, P. 1973. “The Hermeneutical Function of Distanciation.”
Philosophy Today 17(2): 129-141.

Ricoeur, P. 1981. *Hermeneutics and the Human Sciences*. Cambridge:
Cambridge University Press.

(三)若同一作者同一年代有多項參考文獻時，請依序在年代後面加 a b c 等符號。

1978a

1978b

1978c

(四)參考文獻部分，中文文獻請作者一併提供英文翻譯，詳見英譯說明。

Publication Style for the *Taiwanese Journal of Political Science*

1. Format of the Main Text

(1) Titles:

English titles are sequenced with: 「I.、A.、(A)、1.、(1)、a.、(a)」.

(2) Punctuation marks for Chinese segments use the full-form, while for English segments they use the half-form. For segments with mixed Chinese-English, decide based on the context of the previous text.

(3) Quotation Marks:

a. For direct quotes in English, use: “ ”.

Example:

As Robin stated: “The trial did not seal the myth of the Krays; rather, it broke it down into a long rehearsal of sordid facts.”

b. For a long quote, put it into a separate paragraph and indent.

Example:

Adam Smith wrote in the *Wealth of Nations* that:

Wherever there is great property there is great inequality. For one very rich man there must be at least five hundred poor, and the affluence of the few supposes the indigence of the many. The affluence of the rich excites the indignation of the poor, who are often both driven by want, and prompted by envy, to invade his possessions.

c. When marking quotes within quotes, or for special quotes, then use: ‘ ’.

Example:

“He would just talk calmly and rationally to a panel of psychiatrists, ‘and everyone would think we were the ones who were crazy.’”

(4) Citations:

For the annotation of sources, please cite within parentheses inserted into the main text. When there are two authors, please use either “and” or “&” between their names. If there are three or more, then please use “et al.”

Examples:

Many scholars believe that it first appeared in Ancient Greece, and later took shape between the 16th and 17th centuries (Shi, 1998: 177; Cohen & Arato, 1992: 84).

Administrators tend to underestimate the seriousness of problems when compared to public opinion representatives, and they overestimate the effectiveness of solutions to those problems (Cheng et al., 2001: 139-160)

(5) When the name of the author is already mentioned in the text, then it can be omitted from the parenthesis.

Example:

Therefore, Hu Shi advocated the abolishment of individual ideas and the establishment of objective standards (1991: 301).

Example:

According to Neumann, the development of modern capitalism and liberal democracy made ripe the conditions for totalitarian dictatorships. In addition, the ideology of totalitarianism is an essential factor for liberal democracy (1944: 195-196).

(6) When making comments about the text or about the sources, please use footnotes, and make sure the footnote is after the punctuation mark.

Example:

It was significantly higher in Germany than in the U.S.²

(7) Numbers: use Arabic numerals for statistics, dates of publications, article numbers and so on. For descriptive numbers, use the word form.

Example: This district has 31,585 males and 30,816 females.

Example: A second battle occurred not long after.

(8) Diagrams and Illustrations:

- a. For photos/plates: Plate 1
- b. For illustrations: Figure 1
- c. For tables: Table 1
- d. If any of the above diagrams or illustrations are part of a series, then use hyphenated numbering: 1-1, 1-2, 1-3...

Example:

Plate 1-1 、 Plate 1-2

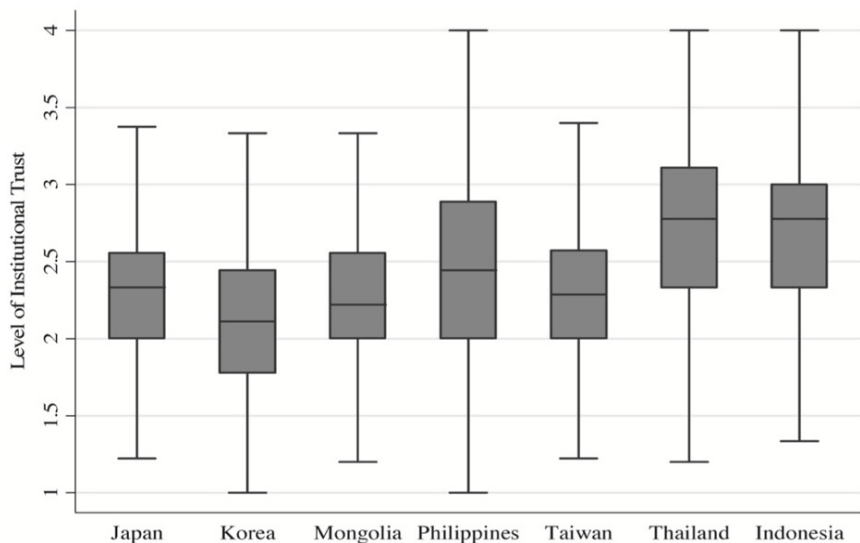
Figure 2-1 、 Figure 2-2

Table 3-1 、 Table 3-2

- e. The positioning of charts and diagrams: the title should be located at the top-center; sources should be cited at the bottom left.

Example:

Figure 1 Levels of Institutional Trust in East Asia



Source of figure: Chang & Huang (2016: 35)

Example:

TABLE 1. Pretreatment Covariate Balance at Municipality Level

$\varepsilon = 0.4$	$T_{mt} > 0$			$T_{mt} < 0$			Difference
	N	Mean	Std. Dev.	N	Mean	Std. Dev.	
Total expenditures (€ per capita)	404	5,334	828	406	5,327	818	7
Health care expenditures (€ per capita)	404	1,631	392	403	1,636	359	-5
Other expenditures (€ per capita)	404	3,703	679	403	3,691	654	12
Population	588	17,488	46,681	557	13,548	33,128	3,939
Young inhabitants %	588	18.67	3.29	557	18.63	3.26	0.04
Old inhabitants %	588	17.52	4.65	557	17.90	4.42	-0.38
Council size	588	31.91	11.81	557	30.55	10.80	1.35
Municipal employees %	404	28.38	13.49	403	27.69	12.99	0.70
Municipal health care employees %	404	7.43	5.06	403	7.09	4.81	0.35
Municipal non-health care employees %	404	20.95	12.71	403	20.60	12.09	0.35
Incumbents %	404	58.12	8.54	403	57.20	9.06	0.92
Women %	404	33.69	9.02	403	33.12	8.45	0.57
High professionals %	404	23.07	12.84	403	21.79	11.90	1.28
University educated %	404	14.32	10.20	403	12.70	9.63	1.61
Unemployed %	404	3.81	3.79	403	3.58	4.03	0.23

Notes: The statistical significance of the differences is tested using a *t*-test adjusted for clustering at the municipality level. ***, **, and * denote statistical significance at 1%, 5%, and 10% level, respectively.

Source of data: Hyytinen et al. (2018: 74)

2. References

It is necessary for all the sources cited in the text to be listed in a biography. Chinese sources should be listed first (if any), then Japanese (if any), and sources in English or other languages afterwards. The Chinese sources should be arranged from fewest stroke-counts to most stroke counts in the names of the author(s) (or editors/translators). English or other languages should be arranged in alphabetical order. Chinese sources must also list their names in pinyin and have a general translation in English. Please refer to the examples below:

(1) Books

Author's Name. Year. Title of the book. Place of Publication: Publisher.

Example:

Hirsch, E. D. 1967. *Validity in Interpretation*. New Haven: Yale University Press.

(2) Journals/Periodicals

Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." Title of the Periodical vol. (no.): page numbers.

Example:

Skocpol, T. 1997. "The Tocqueville Problem: Civic Engagement in American Democracy." *Social Science History* 21(4): 455-479.

(3) Books Chapters

Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." In Title of the book, ed. Editor. Place of Publication: Publisher, page numbers.

Example:

Schleifer, J. T. 1992. "How Many Democracies?" In *Liberty, Equality, Democracy*, ed. Eduardo N. New York: New York University Press, 193-205.

(4) Papers Presented at Forums/Conferences

Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." Paper presented at the Name of the Meeting, Date, at Place.

Example:

Oropesa, R. S., D. T. Lichter & R. N. Anderson. 1993. "Hispanic Marriage Markers and First Marriage Transitions." Paper presented at the Meetings of the Population Association of America, April 1-3, Cincinnati, OH.

(5) Doctoral Dissertations

Author's Name. Year. Title of the dissertation. Doctoral dissertation, the name of the Department, the Name of the University, Place.

Example:

Tam, S. M. 1992. *The Structuration of Chinese Modernization: Women Workers of Shekou Industrial Zone*. Doctoral dissertation, Department of Anthropology, University of Hawaii, Manoa, HI.

(6) Translated Works

Author's Name. Year. Title of the book. Trans. Translator's name. Place of Publication: Publisher.

Example:

Aristotle. 1969. *The Politics of Aristotle*. Trans. Ernest Barker. New York: Oxford University Press.

(7) Newspaper/Magazine Articles

Author's name. "Title of the article." (omissible if news coverage) Name of newspaper Date. Section or page numbers.

Example:

Bumiller, E. 2002. "Bush Embraces His Roots, and Some Connecticut Money, Too." *New York Times* April 10, sec. 1A, 23.

(8) Sources from the Internet

Author's Name. Year. "Title of the article." Source of Article/information (Such as the name of the database or electronic periodical). Website Address (www.xxx.yyy.....). Retrieval Date.

Example:

OECD. 2000. "Knowledge-based Industries in Asia." in <http://www.oecd.org/dsti/sti/industry/indcomp/>. Latest update 16 October 2000.

(9) Archived Data

(Please cite in accordance to the style found in the archive), Official Institution/Mechanism. "Name of Archive". Classification of Record, Case/Serial Number, Date, Page Number(s).

Example:

Archive, Institute of Modern History, Academia Sinica. "Zhongmei lianhe junshi yanxi". *North American Department of Foreign Affairs* 3(1): 43-95. Classification number 422.6, Case Number. 0002, 133-134.

3. Miscellaneous:

(1) For English/Western authors, the names should be listed: Last Name, First Name (initial). Middle Name (initial). If there are two or more authors, the second (and consecutive authors) should be listed: First Name (Middle Name) Last Name.

Example:

Jakobson, R. & L. R. Waugh. 1979. *The Sound Shape of Language*. Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

- (2) If more than one work is cited from the same author, please list from the older to newer dates in the references.

Example:

Ricoeur, P. 1973. "The Hermeneutical Function of Distanciation."
Philosophy Today 17(2): 129-141.

Ricoeur, P. 1981. *Hermeneutics and the Human Sciences*. Cambridge:
Cambridge University Press.

- (3) If the same author has more than one work in the same year, then list by adding an "a, b, c..." in the references.

Example:

1978a

1978b

1978c

- (4) In the references, the authors of Chinese sources are required to provide English translations; for details see the English translation instructions.